

UNITE to End TB

TB Financing in 2014

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Country Profile

ANGOLA



KEY NUMBERS (2014)



People who
Developed TB
113,000



People with TB
Diagnosed and Treated
60 %



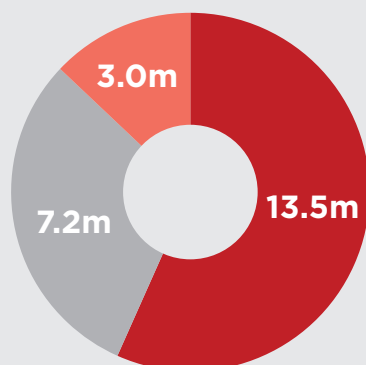
Deaths from TB
15,500



People with MDR-TB
among those notified
1,500

THE FUNDING

- domestic funded
- internationally funded
- funding gap



(million, USD)

National TB Budget

As reported by
National TB Programme

\$ 11.7 million

UNITE to End TB



ANGOLA

SUPPORT BY GLOBAL FUND TO FIGHT AIDS, TB AND MALARIA

Funding Area:

Tuberculosis

Performance:

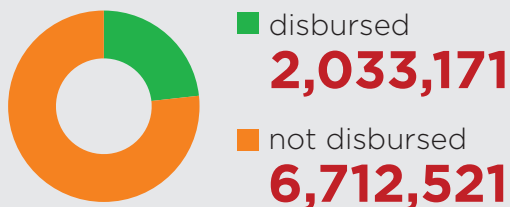
■ unacceptable

Funding Recipient:

Ministry of Health of the Government of the Republic of Angola

Period of Grant Agreement:

1. 9. 2013–31. 8. 2016

Amount, including:**Total Amount**

8,745,692 \$



Tuberculosis is one of the world's top health challenges and the leading cause of death from an infectious disease globally. There were **9.6 million new cases** and **1.5 million TB deaths** in 2014.



In September 2015, governments endorsed the UN Global Development Goals, including a target to End TB by 2030. To achieve this target, increased investments for tuberculosis are essential.



Of the **\$13 billion per year required** to fully fund the global TB response called for in the Global Plan to End TB 2016-2020, only \$6.6 billion was funded in 2014.

Increased domestic financing is critical to fill this gap, but many countries depend on the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria to support their TB response. Governments must fully fund the Global Fund with the \$13 billion required at their fifth replenishment conference taking place in 2016.

The world has a historic opportunity to end the TB epidemic.

Join us in calling on governments to fully fund the fight against TB.

Stop TB Partnership



Global TB Caucus